

Each year, National Audubon encourages you to conduct a Birdathon, which is a fun and educational way to learn about birds and the environment.

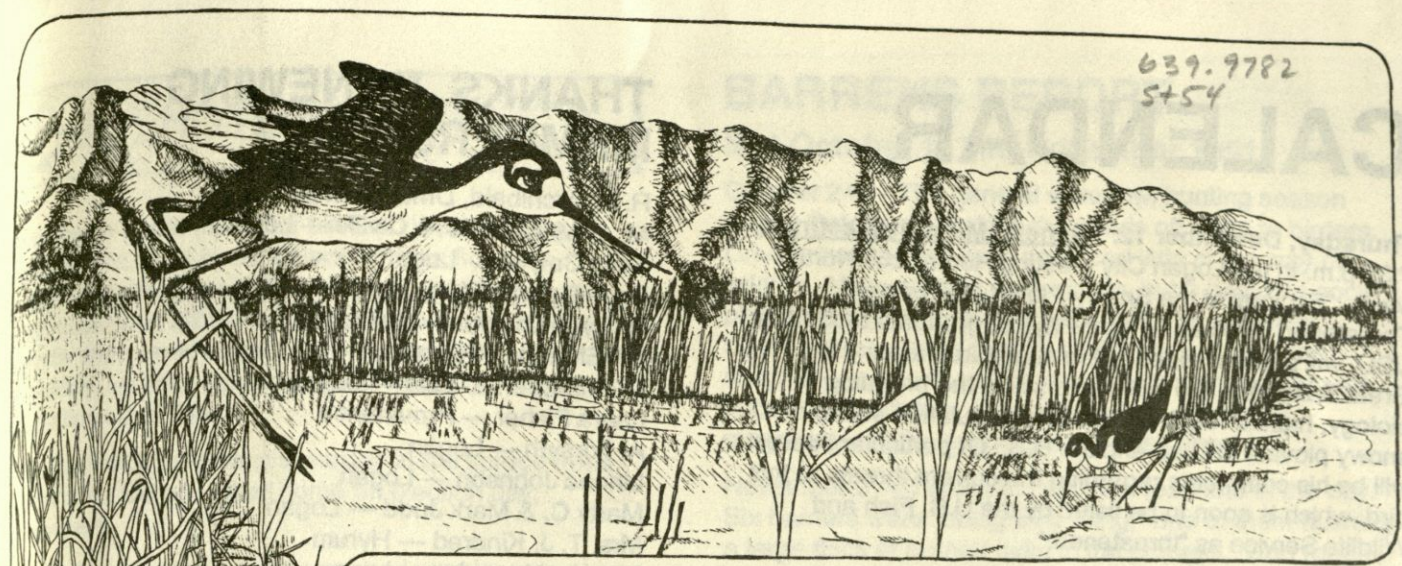
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The Bridgerland Audubon Society meets the second Thursday of each month, October through May, in the Meeting Room of the new Logan City Building, 255 N. Main. Meetings start at 7:30 pm. The BAS Planning Committee meets the following Wednesday, October through May, in the Logan Library at 7:00 pm. Everyone is welcome to attend.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| President | Val Grant, 752-7572 |
| Vice President | Dawn Holzer, 753-6047 |
| Secretary | Tom Gordon, 752-6561 |
| Treasurer | Susan Robertson, 752-4598 |
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| Hospitality | Mae & Merv Coover, 752-8871 |
| Hotline | Nancy Williams, 753-6268 |
| Recycling | Marvin & Irma Moon, 753-4698 |
| Legislation | Nadene Steinhoff, 753-0497 |
- Trustees:
- 1988-91: Ron Ryel, 753-6077; John Sigler, 753-5879
 1989-92: Larry Ryel, 753-8479; Bob Atwood, 752-9284, Office, 753-0012
 1990-93: John Barnes, 563-3910; Rebecca Echols, 753-2367
 Richard Mueller, 752-5637

Membership in the Bridgerland Audubon Society includes a subscription to *The Stilt*, as well as the *Audubon* magazine. The editor of *The Stilt* invites submissions of any kind, due on the 15th of each month. Send to 718 N. 200 E., Logan, UT 84321.

THE STILT
 BRIDGERLAND AUDUBON SOCIETY
 P.O. Box 3501
 Logan, Utah 84321



THE STILT

BRIDGERLAND AUDUBON SOCIETY

Volume 20, No. 4 Upper Northern Utah December 1991

MILL CREEK DAM SITE PROMOTED

Plans for dam-building on the Bear River came into sharper focus on October 21 when the Bear River Task Force heard results of studies and recommendations from the Division of Water Resources for future dams. The Utah legislature appropriated \$1.5 million for this two-year study, which included engineering, environmental, and economic aspects of the proposed sites.

The most surprising recommendation was the selection of Mill Creek Reservoir as one of the preferred sites. This dam would be built south of Hardware Ranch on Mill Creek. This site has been presumed "safe" by us because of the vehement objection to the destruction of miles of "blue ribbon" trout stream that would occur downstream on the Blacksmith Fork. The reservoir would create a migration barrier for elk and ruin the pristine nature of the canyon which it would fill. Even the Division of Wildlife Resources has publicly declared its opposition to this project.

In opposition to the Mill Creek Dam, the Division of Water Resources proposes enlarging Hyrum Reservoir and Hard Bay. The Barrens Project, which BAS has opposed, has been moved far down on the list because of the great costs of mitigation of those wetlands.

It is unlikely that the Bear River Task Force will seek the funds for the Mill Creek site in this legislative session. First, water users must be found and a mitigation plan be agreed on. The plans could be

implemented next year or in 50 years. However, if Mill Creek is not removed from the high priority list now, it will be much harder to fight in the future.

A troubling finding in the October 21 report was that irrigation water is available for sale on the open market at a much lower cost than the cost per acre foot of building these dams. This option has been ignored by the Division (of Water Resources) at the request of "local leaders." These ranchers want more acres put into irrigation (subsidized, of course) even if it means forcing the state to pay far more for water in money and habitat destruction than they need to.

We hope that you *Stilt* readers who care about the trout and elk habitat in Blacksmith Fork will become active in convincing the state government that there is much to lose if Mill Creek Dam is built. For more information call me at 753-7744.

— Alice Lindahl
 Conservation Chair

National Audubon Society Chapter Membership Application

Yes, I'd like to join.
 Please enroll me as a member of the National Audubon Society and of my local chapter. Please send *AUDUBON* magazine and my membership card to the address below.
☐ My check for \$20 is enclosed.

NAME _____
 ADDRESS _____
 CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP _____
 Please make all checks payable to the National Audubon Society.



Send this application and your check to:
National Audubon Society
 Chapter Membership Data Center
 P.O. Box 51001 • Boulder, Colorado 80322-0101
LOCAL CHAPTER

Bridgerland Audubon Society
 P.O. Box 3501
 Logan, Utah 84321

Subscriptions to *The Stilt* are available to non-members at \$5.00 per year. Call Tom Gordon, 752-6561.

INSIDE

CHRISTMAS BIRD COUNT	2
CHRISTMAS TREE RECYCLING	6
COYOTES AND WILDERNESS	6

CALENDAR

Thursday, December 12. General Monthly Meeting. 7:30 p.m. in the Logan City Meeting Room, 255 North Main. "Ecology of the Snowy Plover, a Proposed Threatened Species." Peter Payton, graduate student at USU, will present slides of the shorebirds around the Great Salt Lake. He will also discuss the breeding biology, habitat requirements and population status of snowy plovers in Utah and the U.S. Of particular interest will be his comments regarding the current threats to this bird, which is soon to be listed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as "threatened."

Saturday, December 14. Christmas Bird Count. Any hardy souls willing to help us count birds are welcome. No previous experience or resume necessary but every participant must pay \$5 to help National Audubon with the cost of compiling and publishing the data gathered. Contact Keith Archibald (752-8258) or any of the area leaders.

The annual potluck recuperation dinner will be hosted by Mae and Merv Coover in Providence.

Directions: Turn east at the Maverick stoplight. Go to First East in Providence. Turn south, following First East up, down and around until it becomes Canyon Road. The Coover's house is set back from the road, two mailboxes past the church.

Time: 6 p.m.

Bring your own dishes and utensils, plus a dish to share. This is a wonderfully warm social event to counteract the chill of December. If you've never participated in the Bird Count, sign up this year to see why many do this annually.

Wednesday, December 18. There will be NO planning meeting this month.

WELCOME, NEW MEMBERS!

Libby Book — Hyrum
Jon G. Lee — Paradise
Meredith Matlack — Los Alamos, New Mex.
John Wyllie — Logan
J. C. Kemp — Logan
Thom & Jennifer MacAdam — Logan
Western Surgery Center — Logan
William Helprin — Logan
Evelyn H. Lewis — Wellsville
Robert H. Schmidt — Logan

THANKS, RENEWING MEMBERS!

R. K. Archibald, DMD — Logan
Mr. & Mrs. Lewis A. Civile — Logan
Tony Cowen — Logan
Scott Datwyler — Logan
R. Ryan Dupont — Smithfield
Bill Ehmann — Logan
Dr. Maureen E. Ellis — Logan
Laura Fisher — Providence
Al Forsyth — Logan
Linnea Johnson — Logan
Marty C. & Mark Judd — Logan
Mrs. T. J. Kindred — Hyrum
Rosalie Mueggler — Logan
June V. Neville — Alexandria, Va.
Dr. Jack Payne — Lake Zurich, Ill.
L. H. Piette — Logan
Leila M. Shultz — Logan
Ellen Spickerman — Swan Valley Idaho
Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Taylor — Logan
Elaine H. Watkins — Logan
Kenneth Brewer — Logan
Mrs. Hiram E. Dalton — Logan
Donna L. Gordon — Logan
Karla Hansen — Logan
Neil A. Frank — Logan
Janice Tucker — Richmond

THANKS, SUPPORTERS!

Every dues-paying member of Bridgerland Audubon contributes to the ongoing work of protecting the environment for ourselves and other wild things. There are also many people who keep the effort moving with contributions of time, talent, postage, travel and expertise. Those at every level of involvement help our chapter a vital force we can be proud of. However, in this last issue of *The Stilt* for 1991, we would like to recognize those who helped with cash donations of \$5 or more.

They are:

Anonymous
Keith Archibald
American Fisheries Society
Marie Eccles Caine Foundation
Eastman Hatch
Gregory Perrier
Pheasants Forever
Susan Robertson
Al and Alice Stokes
Elizabeth Walker
John and Margaret Wood

We appreciate their generous support of the project and undertake to enhance the quality of life.

HOTLINE

November is a slow month for birders. With hunting seasons open, most of the waterfowl have flown to warmer and safer places. The southern migrations are pretty much over, but the occasional late-departer was noted by sharp-eyed locals. Although they did not phone the Hotline, we were able to call and weasel this information out of them:

Tom Lyon had a Townsend's warbler in the spruce trees in front of his Canyon Road home on election day, November 5.

Allen Stokes reported a yellow-rumped warbler was seen in the courtyard of Utah State University's natural resources building the first week of November. He heard a flock of sandhill cranes fly over the valley October 23.

Alice Stewart's feeder fed a fox sparrow in late October.

Pat and Tom Gordon entertained a screech owl (or perhaps it was the other way around) on a bare branch above their bird feeder at twilight, November 2.

Perhaps it's because we've gone from abundance to scarcity, birdwise, that late autumn sightings are so appreciated. It's a nice time to stock your birdfeeder, sit by the window, and watch. I still have an abundance of sparrows (no interesting ones), some house finches, a few chickadees and juncos, and one red-shafted flicker. Al Stokes has all of the above plus a couple of rufous-sided towhees.



Rufous-sided towhee

Al, by the way, reminds readers about the Cache County 200 Club—an incentive to keep track of birds you see and where you see them. Once you've hit the 100-bird benchmark we play a

little trumpet fanfare and print your name in *The Stilt*, and when you've seen 150 different Cache species you get a patch (sort of like a scout badge, remember?) to tuck into your sweater or jacket. It's prestigious among people who Really Count, like fellow Auduboners. And hey—I'm closing in on it! Maybe by next spring.

Meanwhile, call me (753-6268 evenings, 750-3292 days) or Kit Flannery (563-5384) to report sightings of interest. Call, too, if you want to be notified when Rarities are spotted. We'll set up a telephone tree to spread the word where there's enough interest.

— Nancy Williams

BARRENS REPORT

Mid-October to Mid-November 1991

October 24 — The general waterfowl hunting season began October 5, making the ponds off limits to birders. Driving the Barrens road produced little in the way of wildlife. No waterfowl were visible, but a beautiful cock pheasant stood in the middle of the road, as if fully aware the pheasant season hadn't started yet. One rough-legged hawk and three harriers were hunting for mice. One redwing, one meadowlark, and three magpies were the only other species I saw.

November 3 — I drove the Barrens road late in the day. Six harriers were "doing their thing," one of them flushing a large flock of horned larks in the process. One rough-legged hawk flew towards the ponds. A cooperative short-eared owl, perched on a nearby post, provided a photo opportunity. Out of frustration, I set up the Questar in the gravel pit on the southeast slope of Little Mountain. There was water present in all the Barrens ponds. I could see a few Canada geese and some ducks. A huge flock of blackbirds flew through the area.

November 10 — I drove directly to the gravel pit. Even at this distance I could hear the flock of some 165 Canada geese flying over the ponds. Another 15 rested below and made no attempt to join them. Besides geese, the most conspicuous birds were two flocks of gulls. I estimated 130 and 145 individuals respectively in the two larger ponds. About 35 ducks and 10 coots were also visible. Later, on the Barrens road, I noted a young red-tailed hawk and two harriers. Flocks of over 60 blackbirds and 55 mallards crossed the road ahead of me.

— Larry Ryel

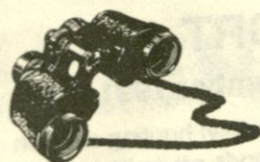
COMING UNWILD

(To Tanimbar, a wild-caught Goffin's Cockatoo, and Pepper, a Gray Parrot born in captivity)

How white, my ancient one tonight
Whose light, a dream of jungle, leaves
To play the shadow-self he grieves —

Or gray, of future born, today
Who weighs a different mystery:
My soul, his whole of history.

— Martha Balph



ADVENTURES IN BIRDLAND

Identification by Default

"Well," I said, looking at the limp, feathered form on the sidewalk, "it *might* be a robin, but I'm not sure."

"Of course it's a robin," she said. "Look at the breast."

"It *could* be a robin," I said. "The breast looks right."

"It's a robin. Look at the throat. Look at the back. Look at the bill. It's a robin."

"It's *probably* a robin," I said. "Maybe you can carry it home and we'll look in the book."

"If you want," she said, "but it *is* a robin. Shall I put it in the freezer?"

I have to explain about our freezer. Our freezer is a time capsule. Our freezer is this place where paleontologists can find ancient organic matter. Our freezer is where old, black bananas go to await banana bread, as souls in purgatory await heaven. Our freezer has in it:

- one package of peas
- one package of either broccoli or firewood
- one package of important papers like the guarantee for our pencil sharpener (kept safe there from fire, in case we have to take notes during a conflagration and our pencil breaks and our pencil sharpener doesn't work because of manufacturing defect, no other warranty expressed or implied)
- a large mass of something Oriental left over from our son's wedding two years ago which occasionally burps, and
- several paleolithic Tupperware carcasses entombed in frost.

Don't misunderstand: I'm not complaining. I appreciate having an archeological resource in my refrigerator. But I had reservations about putting the bird there. Future researchers might question our Thanksgiving habits. So might our Thanksgiving guests.

"I said, 'shall I put it in the freezer?'" she repeated.

I have to explain about putting biological things in the freezer. One Friday afternoon, when I was in high school, I put a recently deceased rattlesnake in the freezer, intending to take it to biology class on Monday for dissection and impressing girls. However, having the attention span of a yam, I immediately forgot it was there. My mother, normally a gentle and soft-spoken soul, discovered it while looking for the frozen carrots. Some of those carrots are *still* in orbit. And while most of my

hair has grown back, I still harbor some reservations about putting biological specimens in the freezer.

"Tom," Pat said, "wake up! Do you want me to put the freezer?"

I looked at the bird. "No," I said. "No. It's obviously a robin. Look at the breast. Let's just leave it here."

HIGHLIGHTS OF NOVEMBER PLANNING MEETING

November 20, 1991

Those present were: Val Grant, Dawn Holzer, Tom Pat Gordon, Sue and Cooper Robertson, Al Stokes, Rebecca Eccles, Dick Mueller, Larry Ryel, Bob Allen, Alice Lindahl, Bruce Pendery and Jack Greene.

Wetlands Letters: The deadline for sending comments on the proposed changes to wetlands management guidelines has been postponed to December 14; those who haven't written should do so before the deadline.

Bear River Task Force: The BRTF has recommended a single Bear River development package including enlarging Hyrum Dam and building the Mill Creek dam. Cache Anglers will take the lead in seeking to decommission Mill Creek from the proposal.

Utah Legislature: Wayne Martinson is writing a wetlands conservation bill similar to one developed by the Colorado Audubon Council and passed by the Colorado Legislature; he hopes to have the bill introduced in the session.

Coyote Control: Dick Carter is again protesting the hunting of coyotes because of sheep predation. Alice will contact Stan Miller to find out how the ranchers' percent predation claims are supported.

Banquet Speaker: Alice Lindahl suggested Terry Tempest Williams as a speaker. With the approval of the board, she will contact Terry with an invitation.

The Auk: Dick Mueller relayed from Kim Sullivan a proposal that BAS commit to a five-year subscription to *The Auk* to be delivered to a Latin American library. The board will defer a decision until the January budget meeting.

Monthly Meeting Speakers: Dawn Holzer reported that she has arranged for speakers for December through March; April remains open.

Sightings: Larry Ryel reported that a yellow-billed cuckoo has been seen at Fish Springs NWR, and snow buntings at the Logan sewage lagoons.

Stewart Nature Park: Bob Atwood reported that the

park is moving ahead; the bridge is usable and fencing is next. Craig Johnson will develop some alternative master plans for the nature park.

Treasurer's Report: Sue Robertson presented a brief financial status report and noted that she filed our application for 501C3 status in September.

Utah Audubon Coordinating Council: The Council has agreed to maintain its commitment to Wayne Martinson of \$6,500 per year aggregate from the four chapter. We voted to immediately authorize half of the BAS contribution of \$2,000.

St. Ann's Retreat: The people with the first option on St. Ann's have purchased it. St. Ann's donors have agreed to allow BAS to hold their donations for an alternative nature education center. We discussed some options.

Legislative Action: Nadene Steinhoff noted that she's gearing up the legislative session telephone tree, and needs callers in Southern Utah.

New Officers: Bruce agreed to serve as BAS President for the next term. BAS must find someone to replace him as Publicity Committee Chair and as Utah Audubon Council representative. All other officers have agreed to serve next term.

— T.J. Gordon
Secretary

HIKING CLUB NOW FORMING

Cache Valley Mountain Club (CVMC), currently sponsored by the Bridgerland Audubon Society, plans to schedule activities beginning April, 1992. Hikes will be organized every first and third Saturday, April through October.

The Mountain Club (CVMC) hopes to hold a wide range of hikes in varying terrain and habitats to meet the interests of all ages and abilities. If enough interest is shown, plans will be made for other outdoor activities on a year-round basis (cross-country skiing, backpacking, canoeing, etc.).

An organizational meeting is planned for January to discuss the goals and direction of the CVMC. Anyone interested in participating is asked to call Kennita or John Thatcher at 753-8415 (evenings) for further information.



WANT ADS

For Sale

WILDLIFE ART FOR CHRISTMAS, birthday, solstice, etc. Soft art renditions of local and exotic species, from barrens to barrier reef, Kaziranga to Kit's quarter-acre, from \$50 up. 563-5984.

TRY SOMETHING DIFFERENT for your Christmas cards this year. Original designs hand-crafted on recycled paper, with message of your choice. Order before December 10. Pat Gordon, 752-6561.

CALENDARS available. Great gifts for anyone who wants to keep track of the passage of time. Proceeds benefit BAS. Call Pat Gordon, 752-6561.

Help Wanted

Tucson Audubon Society, a major conservation organization, seeks full-time Executive Director with strong environmental background, demonstrated fund-raising and grant-writing abilities. Bachelor's degree, experience with volunteer programs and environmental advocacy preferred. \$25,000+ depending on experience. Applications accepted through December 16, 1991. Request application materials: Search Committee, TAS, 300 E. University #120, Tucson, AZ 85705.

BAS can use volunteers. If you sense that you could benefit from more involvement, call one of the people listed on the back page to discuss possibilities. We're in particular need of people to handle publicity, represent us at meetings with other Utah chapters, lead the education program, help with wetlands issues, and lead field trips. If there seems to be a void in your life, consider becoming more active. The rewards may surprise you.

THE RECYCLING MENTALITY

On almost any TV news program it is difficult to avoid hearing that on the world scene we're slumping in education and medical care. But how do we rate on the world report card for recycling?

Recycling and conservation must go together, a realization we have trouble grasping because we've been a nation rich in resources. Why save when there is so much to be wasted? European countries have been recycling a decade sooner than most American cities. Land space is limited, making waste reduction a necessity. In France, Germany, Italy, and most of Europe, drop-off bins accept a wide range of recyclables

which are purchased by scrap dealers. Economic incentives help get voluntary support. Composting is effective. For example, Zurich, Switzerland, has nearly 500 community compost plots shared by 200-300 families.

Japan leads the world in recycling. There are no door to door collections, no fines. There is awareness and participation from sense of duty. In a year's time at Machida, Japan, a reclamation plant takes in 100,000 tons of reusable, repairable, durable goods. After processing, these items can be returned to household use. Remember all the kitchen appliances you've trashed because it was too expensive to repair them? Tut, tut. Me, too. Appliances designed to be throw-aways . . . By 1987 Japan was recycling about 50 percent of its waste. How soon can we reach that percentage?

Conservation. Congress has rejected President Bush's energy program for just that reason: his program does not promote conservation. The other half of the recycling cycle is conservation. It's using fewer resources, using resources better. It's using and reusing and reusing. We don't want to stockpile recyclable materials like the current market glut on glass. We want to put recyclables back to use economically. We need help from government and private business. If we don't get going on the problem, we could find ourselves big losers in the world market.

—Irma Moon

PAPER RECYCLING REPORT

The paper collection effort in Fred Meyer's parking lot (the trailer on the south side of the store) is going well. In approximately six weeks, recyclers filled the pup trailer. Redi Therm, which processes the consumer waste paper for insulation, replaced the trailer, and we're well on our way to our second delivery. Thanks to all who helped get this project off to a good start. Our first load brought \$90.20 into the BAS treasury.

Little problems do develop, though. In wet weather the steps are very slippery. Please be careful, or wait for a dry day to unload your paper pile. Redi-Therm carries liability insurance, but we don't want that kind of trouble. Assistance in making the steps safer would be welcome.

Contact Pat Gordon with any comments or questions, 752-6561.

START THINKING ABOUT CHRISTMAS TREE RECYCLING

The time to plan for the end result of your Christmas tree is coming soon. Many of us will search the county over for that special tree, then decorate to reflect the warmth of tradition deserving of our home. When the festivities are over, be sure to drop your tree off at one of the local drop sites to await chipping. Logan City Forestry Division along with USU Landscape personnel and Utah Power will join efforts to chip trees at the following drop sites:

- The six Logan District Elementary Schools
- River Heights Elementary School, River Heights
- Summit School, Smithfield
- North Cache Middle School, Richmond
- State University, just east of the 1000 N. 800 E. intersection, on the south side of the street
- Logan Regional Hospital Helipad

Utah Power and Light has agreed to help for the second year by chipping the trees at Summit and North Cache Schools. Logan City and USU are handling the other sites. The hospital will again use the chips for construction of an exercise path. Chips from other sites are available at no charge to residents. Cache Recycling Coalition is looking for volunteers to stack trees in preparation for chipping. Last year Barr Bentley and company set the standard by taking care of all the sites. We are hoping that this year we can locate an individual or group to care for each drop site. The time commitment would involve about one or two hours per week for two or three weeks. If interested contact Bill Meyer, Logan City Forester, (750-9936) or Barr Bentley (752-0057).

—Bill Meyer

COYOTES AND WILDERNESS

The Mt. Naomi Wilderness is the only wilderness area in the United States where aerial gunning of coyotes is allowed. The purpose of wilderness is to provide a place where natural systems can operate without human interference. Only 2 percent of the U.S. is legal wilderness. The other 98 percent is open to human manipulation and exploitation. Aerial hunting of coyotes is clearly in violation of the intent of the National Wilderness Act.

According to a recent decision made by the Wasatch-Cache National Forest supervisor, no more aerial

hunting would be allowed in Naomi. Due to political pressure, the Forest Service Chief declared this decision invalid, placing control in the hands of the regional forester.

I must also question the ethics of killing a predator on its home range for trying to feed its family. Most lambs are killed by a family of coyotes with pups. Is it morally right that we kill coyotes for taking food that we have placed in their "front yard" for survival of their families? Wilderness areas are intended to be one of the few places where predators can be predators without being persecuted. We eat 20 million sheep a year and nobody kills us!

My final argument against killing the coyotes is one of economics. U.S. Animal Damage Control spends far more on predator control than livestock losses justify. Add to this a payment made to the rancher equalling 50 percent of their losses by the Utah Department of Wildlife Resources. Ironically, coyote families that experience mortality tend to produce larger litters, thus compounding the problem of lamb loss. Gunning coyotes from the air is very costly and has a low probability of killing the animals responsible for the sheep loss.

Once again, one flock of sheep and a few politicians are holding the Naomi Wilderness hostage. It's time that our politicians heard from other interests, those who believe in the concept and purpose of wilderness. Write or call Regional Forester Grey Reynolds at 324 25th St., Ogden, UT 84401 along with U.S. Senators Garn and Hatch, and U.S. Representative Hansen.

— Jack Greene
563-6816

NATIONAL NEWS

IMPORTANT NEWS FOR AUDUBON CHAPTER LEADERS

National Audubon needs new housing for its headquarters. We are now in space that is too expensive and cramped. As a tax exempt organization, we can own real estate free of property tax providing cost savings not available to renters. So with the help of tax free financing, we purchased a handsome 100-year-old building in New York which had been unoccupied for many years. When our capital campaign is completed and we have moved in, Audubon's annual operating cost will be reduced by over 3/4 million dollars per year. These savings, which otherwise would be paid for rent, will be available for program support.

Now we are in the middle of a total rehabilitation. When completed next spring, we will have produced one of the most energy efficient and environmentally sound buildings in the country. We will use 66% less energy than a conventional structure built under the applicable building codes. New technology in heating, cooling, insulation and lighting will make this possible. Green house gas emissions resulting from gas fired heating and cooling will be 62% less than the norm.

Commitment to recycling is complete—from recycling the building, to the four chutes connecting all floors to a downstairs center which will recycle 80% of our waste and contain the only known urban on-site composting program. Purchasing criteria are being redefined so all supplies coming into the building have maximum recycling potential.

Providing a healthy place to work is essential. Instead of the standard two-and-a-half air changes per hour, we will have six to eliminate the "sick building syndrome" which plagues many modern office structures. We will have windows that open. No materials which give off toxic gases, such as carpet manufactured with formaldehyde, will be found in the new Audubon house.

But this is more than a new house for Audubon. It is intended to be an example for the entire country. Thus the building must be cost effective. If an environmental improvement involves extra cost which is not recovered through energy savings in less than five years, we will not install it. Thus no solar heating for now. With 14% of national energy consumption devoted to office buildings, we will demonstrate that over half can be saved right now on a cost effective basis without subsidies. Thus the building becomes a weapon in the fight to save places like the Arctic Wildlife Refuge from the oil drillers, or James Bay from the hydro developers. There is cheaper energy available in every commercial building you see.

And this is where you come in. We will be producing "how to" materials for architects and designers, owners, government officials, developers and everybody involved with commercial real estate. Hopefully, you will be in a position to show them that they can save money and energy in your community, and help the environment and wildlife too. If Audubon can do it in New York, it can be done anywhere! For more information get in touch with Laura Howat at 212-546-9289.

As always . . .

This newsletter is printed on recycled paper. It is also recyclable. We use soy ink for the printing process.

